State of Arizona Senate Forty-fourth Legislature Second Regular Session 2000

SENATE BILL 1151

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 12-242, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; CHANGING THE DESIGNATION OF TITLE 36, CHAPTER 17.1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, TO "COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING"; RENUMBERING SECTIONS 36-1941, 36-1942 AND 36-1943, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS SECTIONS 36-1942, 36-1943 AND 36-1944, RESPECTIVELY; AMENDING TITLE 36, CHAPTER 17.1, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 36-1941; AMENDING SECTIONS 36-1942, 36-1943 AND 36-1944, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS RENUMBERED BY THIS ACT; AMENDING SECTIONS 36-1945, 36-1946 AND 36-1947, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 36, CHAPTER 17.1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING ARTICLE 2; REPEALING SECTION 41-3000.01, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 41, CHAPTER 27, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 41-3010.01; RELATING TO THE COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 12-242, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

12-242. Interpreters for deaf persons; proceedings; definitions

- A. The court shall in any civil or criminal case or grand jury proceeding in which a deaf person is party to such action, either as a witness, complainant, defendant or attorney, appoint a qualified interpreter to interpret the proceedings to the deaf person, to interpret the deaf person's testimony or statements and to interpret preparations with the deaf person's attorney.
- B. A department, board, commission, agency or licensing authority of this state or a political subdivision of this state shall, in any proceeding before such department, board, commission, agency or licensing authority in which a deaf person is a principal party of interest or witness, appoint a qualified interpreter to interpret the proceedings to the deaf person and to interpret the deaf person's testimony or statements.
- C. If a person known or ascertained to be deaf is arrested and taken into custody for any alleged violation of a criminal law of this state, the arresting officer, his THE OFFICER'S superiors or the court shall procure a qualified interpreter in order to properly interpret any of the following:
- 1. Warnings of the person's constitutional privilege against self-incrimination as it relates to custodial interrogation.
 - 2. Interrogation of the deaf person.
 - 3. The deaf person's statements.
- D. If a juvenile whose parent or parents are deaf is brought before a court for any reason, the court may SHALL appoint a qualified interpreter to interpret the proceedings and testimony for the deaf parent or parents and to interpret any statements or testimony the deaf parent or parents may be called upon to give to the court.
- E. If a communication made by a deaf person through an interpreter is privileged, the privilege extends also to the interpreter.
- F. If the only available interpreter does not possess adequate interpreting skills for the particular situation, OR THE DEAF PERSON DETERMINES THAT EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION IS NOT OCCURRING the court or appointing authority may SHALL permit THE INTERPRETER OR the deaf person to nominate another person to act as an A QUALIFIED intermediary interpreter TO PROVIDE INTERPRETING SERVICES between the deaf person and the appointed interpreter during proceedings.
- G. A deaf person entitled to the services of an interpreter under this section may knowingly and intelligently waive these services. A deaf person who has waived an interpreter under this subsection may provide his own interpreter at his own expense, without regard to whether the interpreter is qualified under this section.
 - H. As used in this section:

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1. "Deaf person" means a person whose hearing impairment is so significant that the individual is impaired in processing linguistic information through hearing.
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2. "Qualified interpreter" means a person who has a certificate VALID LICENSE of competency authorized by the Arizona council COMMISSION for the deaf AND THE HARD OF HEARING.

Sec. 2. Heading change

The chapter heading of title 36, chapter 17.1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is changed from "COUNCIL FOR THE HEARING IMPAIRED" TO "COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING".

Sec. 3. Renumber

Sections 36-1941, 36-1942 and 36-1943, Arizona Revised Statutes, are renumbered as section 36-1942, 36-1943 and 36-1944, respectively.

Sec. 4. Title 36, chapter 17.1, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding a new section 36-1941, to read:

36-1941. Definitions

IN THIS CHAPTER, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

- 1. "COMMISSION" MEANS THE COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING.
- 2. "DEAF" MEANS THOSE PERSONS WHO CANNOT GENERALLY UNDERSTAND SPEECH SOUNDS WITH OR WITHOUT A HEARING AID WHEN IN OPTIMAL LISTENING CONDITIONS.
- 3. "HARD OF HEARING" MEANS THOSE PERSONS WHO HAVE A DEGREE OF HEARING LOSS GREATER THAN 40dB PTA-2, BUT LESS THAN 85dB PTA-2, IN THE BETTER EAR.
- 4. "INTERPRETING" MEANS TRANSLATING OR TRANSLITERATING OF ENGLISH CONCEPTS TO ANY NECESSARY SPECIALIZED VOCABULARY USED BY A CONSUMER OR THE TRANSLATING OF A CONSUMER SPECIALIZED VOCABULARY TO ENGLISH CONCEPTS.
- 5. "NECESSARY SPECIALIZED VOCABULARY" INCLUDES AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE, ENGLISH BASED SIGN LANGUAGE, CUED SPEECH AND ORAL INTERPRETING.
- 6. "PTA-2" MEANS THE AVERAGE OF HEARING LEVELS AT ONE THOUSAND, TWO THOUSAND AND FOUR THOUSAND Hz.
- Sec. 5. Section 36-1942, Arizona Revised Statutes, as renumbered by this act. is amended to read:

36-1942. Commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing

A. There is established an Arizona council for the hearing impaired.

- B. The council shall consist of the following nineteen members appointed by the governor:
- A. THE COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING IS ESTABLISHED CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR:
 - 1. One member selected from the department of economic security.
 - 2. One member selected from the department of health services.
 - 3. One member selected from the department of education.
- 4. 2. One member selected from the Arizona school for the deaf and the blind at Tucson or the Phoenix day school for the deaf.
 - 5. 3. One member who is a clinical audiologist.

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           6. One member who is a physician licensed pursuant to title 32,
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    chapter 13.
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           7. One member who is a hearing aid dispenser licensed pursuant to
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     title 36, chapter 17.
           8. 4. Five FOUR members who are deaf persons.
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           9. 5. One member selected from the Arizona register of interpreters
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     for the deaf.
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          10. 6. One member who is a parent of a deaf person.
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          11. 7. Five FOUR members who are hard of hearing.
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          C. The terms of office of the members of the council shall be for
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     three years.
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           B. COMMISSION MEMBERS SERVE THREE YEARS AND MAY BE REAPPOINTED ONCE.
     THE GOVERNOR MAY REMOVE A COMMISSION MEMBER FOR CAUSE.
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          D. C. The council COMMISSION shall meet at least four times a year at
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     the call of the chairman, who shall be selected by the council COMMISSION
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     from among its membership.
           E. D. Members of the council shall receive no COMMISSION ARE NOT
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     ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE compensation but shall be reimbursed for ARE ELIGIBLE TO
     RECEIVE REIMBURSEMENT OF expenses pursuant to title 38, chapter 4, article 2.
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           F. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
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           1. "Deaf" means those persons who cannot generally understand speech
     sounds with or without a hearing aid when in optimal listening conditions.
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           2. "Hard of hearing" means those persons who have a degree of hearing
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     loss greater than 40dB PTA-2, but less than 85dB PTA-2, in the better ear.
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           3. "PTA-2" means the average of hearing levels at one thousand, two
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     thousand and four thousand Hz.
           Sec. 6. Section 36-1943, Arizona Revised Statutes, as renumbered by
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     this act, is amended to read:
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           36-1943. Executive director; duties
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           A. The council COMMISSION shall appoint an executive secretary
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     DIRECTOR who shall be the executive officer of the council SERVES AT THE
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     PLEASURE OF THE COMMISSION. The council COMMISSION may appoint such other
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     employees as are necessary and advisable and SHALL fix their compensation and
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     prescribe their powers and duties. With the approval of the council
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     COMMISSION, the executive secretary DIRECTOR may contract for such
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     professional, technical and clerical services as may be necessary to carry
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     out the ongoing program review functions of the council COMMISSION.
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           B. The executive secretary DIRECTOR shall be a trained professional
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     experienced in problems of the deaf and THE hard of hearing and skilled in
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     the use of manual communication, commonly referred to as sign language, and
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     may be either a deaf person, A PERSON WHO IS HARD OF HEARING or a person with
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                         The executive <del>secretary</del> DIRECTOR shall <del>have the</del>
     normal hearing.
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     responsibility of implementing the ASSIST THE COMMISSION TO IMPLEMENT ITS
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     programs and activities of the council and TO IMPLEMENT THIS CHAPTER. THE
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EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL NOT BE A COMMISSION MEMBER. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

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IS ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE COMPENSATION SET BY THE COMMISSION WITHIN THE RANGE DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 38-611.

Sec. 7. Section 36-1944, Arizona Revised Statutes, as renumbered by this act, is amended to read:

36-1944. Duties

The council COMMISSION shall act as a bureau of information to the deaf and THE hard of hearing, state agencies and institutions providing services to the deaf and THE hard of hearing, local agencies of government and other public or private community agencies and programs. In this capacity, the council COMMISSION shall:

1. Maintain an office within the rehabilitation services bureau of the department of economic security.

- 2. 1. Inform the deaf and THE hard of hearing of the availability of the programs and activities of the council COMMISSION and other services available for the deaf and THE hard of hearing at all levels of government.
- 3. 2. Develop and foster a framework for consultation and cooperation with the rehabilitation services bureau of the department of economic security and with all state agencies and institutions represented on the council COMMISSION.
- 4. 3. Study the handicapping problems afflicting ISSUES RELATING TO the deaf and THE hard of hearing of all ages, review the administration and operation of the various programs for the deaf and THE hard of hearing in this state and make recommendations concerning such THESE problems and programs to the several agencies and institutions represented on the council COMMISSION as the council IT deems necessary and proper.
- 5. 4. Submit an annual report to the governor and the legislature concerning its findings and recommendations.
- 6. 5. Review the problems of the deaf and THE hard of hearing as they relate to the need for amplification systems EFFECTIVE AND APPROPRIATE AUXILIARY AIDS in public places.
- 7. 6. Review and compile information on the development of acoustical technology for the hard of hearing and advocate the use of this technology if it deems appropriate.
- 8. 7. Make recommendations to state agencies, political subdivisions and institutions on how to meet the needs of the hard of hearing.
 - Sec. 8. Section 36-1945, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-1945. Commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing fund;

gifts and donations; annual report

A. The council is authorized to receive such gifts and donations, either from public or private sources, as may be offered unconditionally or under such conditions as in the judgment of the council are proper and consistent with this chapter. All monies received as gifts or donations shall be remitted by the council to the state treasurer to be placed in a fund known as the council for the hearing impaired fund, for use by the council in accomplishing its objectives and duties.

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A. THE COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING FUND IS ESTABLISHED CONSISTING OF FEES, PENALTIES AND ANY LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS. THE COMMISSION SHALL ADMINISTER THE FUND. MONIES IN THE FUND ARE SUBJECT TO LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION.
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- B. THE COMMISSION MAY ACCEPT AND SPEND FEDERAL MONIES AND PRIVATE GRANTS, GIFTS, CONTRIBUTIONS AND DEVISES TO ASSIST IN CARRYING OUT THE PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER. THESE MONIES DO NOT REVERT TO THE STATE GENERAL FUND AT THE END OF A FISCAL YEAR.
- B. C. The council COMMISSION shall submit an annual report to the governor on all gifts and donations MONIES accepted by the council, together with COMMISSION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION B, the names of the donors and the respective amounts contributed,— and THE AMOUNT OF all disbursements from the fund.
 - Sec. 9. Section 36-1946, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-1946.

 Interpreters for the deaf and the hard of hearing; certification; licensure
 - A. The council COMMISSION shall:
 - 1. Adopt rules necessary to achieve the purposes of section 12-242.
- 2. By rule, classify interpreters for deaf persons THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING based on the level of interpreting skills acquired by that person.
- 3. By rule, establish standards and procedures for the qualification and certification LICENSURE of each classification of interpreters.
- 4. Issue a certificate of competency to each interpreter who meets the qualifications established by the council commission.
- 4. HELP ESTABLISH PARTNERSHIPS WITH COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN THIS STATE TO PROVIDE INTERPRETER TRAINING AND DEGREE PROGRAMS.
- 5. BY RULE, ESTABLISH STANDARDS AND PROCEDURES TO CERTIFY SIGN LANGUAGE TEACHERS TO TEACH AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE.
- 6. BEGINNING ON SEPTEMBER 1, 2007, LICENSE INTERPRETERS FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 2 OF THIS CHAPTER.
- B. The council commission may base certification qualifications on its approval of certificates issued by a public or private organization or institution that uses substantially similar criteria to evaluate the competency of interpreters for the deaf and the hard of hearing.
- Sec. 10. Section 36-1947, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

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36-1947. Telecommunication devices for the deaf and the hearing and speech impaired; fund
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A. The <u>council</u> COMMISSION shall establish and administer a statewide program to purchase, repair and distribute telecommunication devices to residents of this state who are deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired and establish a dual party relay system making all phases of public telephone service available to persons who are deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired.

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- B. The ${\color{red} \textbf{council}}$ COMMISSION may adopt administrative procedures, rules, criteria and forms to establish and administer the telecommunication device program under this section.
- C. Telecommunication devices furnished by the council COMMISSION under this section remain the property of this state. A person who receives a telecommunication device from the council COMMISSION under this section is liable for the loss of or damage to the device. The council COMMISSION may impose a civil penalty against the person in an amount equal to the cost of the device or the amount of damage done to the device. If a person objects to the imposition of a civil penalty, the council COMMISSION shall conduct a hearing as prescribed in title 41, chapter 6. Monies collected by the council COMMISSION under this subsection shall be deposited in the telecommunication fund for the deaf ESTABLISHED BY SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION.
- D. A— THE telecommunication fund for the deaf is established to be administered by the council for the purposes of this section. THE COMMISSION SHALL ADMINISTER THE FUND. Monies in the fund shall be derived from the telecommunication services excise tax levied under section 42-5252, subsection A, paragraph 2— 4. Interest accruing to the fund shall be deposited in the fund. Monies in the fund are exempt from section 35-190 relating to lapsing of appropriations. Subject to legislative appropriation, the council COMMISSION shall use FUND monies in the fund to purchase and repair telecommunication devices and administer the program established by this section.
- E. Expenditures from the telecommunication fund for the deaf shall be ARE subject to quarterly review by the joint legislative budget committee.
- Sec. 11. Title 36, chapter 17.1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding article 2, to read:

ARTICLE 2. LICENSURE

36-1971. Licensure; acts and persons not affected

- A. A PERSON SHALL NOT PRACTICE AS AN INTERPRETER FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING WITHOUT A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE. THE LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE ALSO APPLY TO INTERPRETERS WHO PROVIDE SERVICES FOR LEGAL PROCEEDINGS AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-242.
- B. THE COMMISSION BY RULE SHALL PRESCRIBE EDUCATION, EXAMINATION AND WORK HISTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING THREE CATEGORIES OF LICENSES:
 - 1. LEGAL.
 - 2. GENERALIST.
 - 3. PROVISIONAL.
 - C. THIS ARTICLE DOES NOT APPLY TO:
- 1. AN INTERPRETER WHO WORKS IN THIS STATE FOR LESS THAN TWENTY DAYS IF THAT PERSON REGISTERS WITH THE COMMISSION TO PROVIDE INTERPRETING SERVICES IN NONLEGAL SITUATIONS.
- 2. AN INTERPRETER WHO PROVIDES INTERPRETING SERVICES AT RELIGIOUS ACTIVITIES.

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- 3. AN INTERPRETER WHO PROVIDES INTERPRETING SERVICES ON AN EMERGENCY BASIS IF THE DELAY NECESSARY TO OBTAIN A LICENSED INTERPRETER IS LIKELY TO CAUSE INJURY OR LOSS TO THE CONSUMER.
- 4. AN INTERPRETER WHO WORKS WITHOUT COMPENSATION IN NONLEGAL SITUATIONS.
- 5. AN INTERPRETER WHO WORKS IN A SCHOOL IN THIS STATE PURSUANT TO THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATION PLAN OF A DEAF OR HARD OF HEARING PUPIL. QUALIFICATIONS OF AN INTERPRETER WORKING IN A SCHOOL IN THIS STATE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM TEAM. A SCHOOL DISTRICT SHALL INFORM A PARENT OR GUARDIAN OF A DEAF OR HARD OF HEARING PUPIL OF THE PARENT OR GUARDIAN'S RIGHT TO REQUEST A LICENSED INTERPRETER.
- 6. ACTIVITIES AND SERVICES OF AN INTERPRETER INTERN OR STUDENT IN TRAINING IF BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING ARE TRUE:
- (a) THE INTERPRETER IS ENROLLED IN A PROGRAM OF STUDY IN INTERPRETING AT AN ACCREDITED INSTITUTION OF HIGHER LEARNING.
- (b) THE INTERPRETER WORKS UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A PERSON LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE AS PART OF A SUPERVISED PROGRAM OF STUDY AND IS IDENTIFIED TO ALL CONSUMERS AS AN INTERPRETER INTERN OR STUDENT IN TRAINING.

36-1972. Use of title; prohibited acts; violation; classification

- A. A PERSON WHO IS NOT LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE SHALL NOT:
- 1. USE ANY TITLE, ABBREVIATION, WORDS, LETTERS, SIGNS OR FIGURES TO INDICATE THAT THE PERSON IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER.
 - 2. PRACTICE AS AN INTERPRETER FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING.
 - 3. USE ANOTHER PERSON'S LICENSE.
- B. A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR.

36-1973. Qualifications for licensure

- A. TO RECEIVE A LICENSE TO PRACTICE AS AN INTERPRETER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE A PERSON SHALL SUBMIT AN APPLICATION AND APPLICATION FEE AS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSION.
- B. THE APPLICANT SHALL DOCUMENT TO THE COMMISSION'S SATISFACTION THAT THE APPLICANT HAS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE EDUCATION, EXAMINATION AND WORK HISTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SPECIFIC CATEGORY OF LICENSE FOR WHICH THE LICENSEE IS APPLYING.
 - 36-1974. Issuance and renewal of license; continuing education
- A. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL ISSUE A LICENSE WHEN THE APPLICANT HAS SATISFIED ALL OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
- B. A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE IS SUBJECT TO ANNUAL RENEWAL ON THE LICENSEE'S BIRTHDAY AND TERMINATES THIRTY DAYS AFTER THAT DATE UNLESS IT IS RENEWED.
- C. EACH LICENSEE SHALL RENEW THE LICENSE NOT EARLIER THAN SIXTY DAYS AND NOT LATER THAN THIRTY DAYS BEFORE THE LICENSE EXPIRES BY SUBMITTING THE RENEWAL FEE AND A COMPLETED RENEWAL FORM. A LICENSEE WHO DOES NOT RENEW A LICENSE AS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE MUST ALSO PAY A PENALTY FEE AS PRESCRIBED

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BY THE COMMISSION FOR LATE RENEWAL. A PERSON WHO PRACTICES INTERPRETING IN THIS STATE AFTER THAT PERSON'S LICENSE HAS EXPIRED IS IN VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE.

- D. A PERSON WHOSE LICENSE TERMINATES SHALL SUBMIT AN APPLICATION AND APPLICATION FEE AS AN ORIGINAL APPLICANT FOR LICENSURE.
- E. THE COMMISSION BY RULE MAY PRESCRIBE CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS AS A CONDITION OF LICENSE RENEWAL.

36-1975. Denial of licensure

THE COMMISSION MAY REFUSE TO ISSUE OR RENEW A LICENSE IF THE COMMISSION FINDS THAT ANY OF THE FOLLOWING IS TRUE:

- 1. THE APPLICANT COMMITTED FRAUD OR MISREPRESENTATION IN APPLYING FOR A LICENSE IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE.
- 2. THE APPLICANT WAS CONVICTED OF A FELONY OFFENSE OR ANY OTHER OFFENSE INVOLVING MORAL TURPITUDE.
- 3. THE APPLICANT DOES NOT MEET MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS AS PRESCRIBED BY THIS ARTICLE.
 - 4. THE APPLICANT WAS ADJUDICATED INSANE OR INCOMPETENT.
- 5. THE APPLICANT ENGAGED IN FRAUD, DISHONESTY OR CORRUPTION ON A CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION IN ANOTHER STATE.

36-1976. Revocation or suspension of license

- A. THE COMMISSION MAY REVOKE OR SUSPEND A LICENSE ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE, PLACE A LICENSEE ON PROBATION, ISSUE A REPRIMAND OR IMPOSE A CIVIL PENALTY FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING REASONS:
 - 1. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.
 - 2. A VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE.
 - 3. GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR INCOMPETENCE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES.
 - 4. FRAUD, DISHONESTY OR CORRUPTION.
- 5. INABILITY TO PERFORM THE DUTIES OF AN INTERPRETER AT A LEVEL OF SKILL THAT IS REQUIRED BY THE COMMISSION.
- 6. CONVICTION OF A FELONY OFFENSE OR ANY OTHER OFFENSE INVOLVING MORAL TURPITUDE.
- 7. FAILING TO MEET MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS AS PRESCRIBED BY THIS ARTICLE.
 - 8. ADJUDICATION OF INSANITY OR INCOMPETENCY.
- B. BEFORE IT TAKES DISCIPLINARY ACTION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSION SHALL GIVE A LICENSEE NOTICE AND AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A HEARING PURSUANT TO ITS RULES.
- C. THE COMMISSION MAY ISSUE SUBPOENAS, EXAMINE WITNESSES AND ADMINISTER OATHS PURSUANT TO A HEARING HELD UNDER THIS SECTION.

36-1977. Right to examine and copy evidence

IN CONNECTION WITH A COMMISSION INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-1976, THE COMMISSION AT ALL REASONABLE TIMES HAS THE RIGHT TO EXAMINE AND COPY ANY DOCUMENTS, REPORTS, RECORDS OR OTHER PHYSICAL EVIDENCE OF ANY PERSON BEING INVESTIGATED OR REPORTS, RECORDS AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS MAINTAINED BY AND IN THE POSSESSION OF ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE AGENCY IF THE

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COMMISSION BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION IS RELATED TO UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT OR THE MENTAL OR PHYSICAL ABILITY OF A LICENSEE TO PRACTICE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.

36-1978. Injunctive relief; bond; service of process

- A. IN ADDITION TO ALL OTHER AVAILABLE REMEDIES, IF THE COMMISSION HAS ANY REASON TO BELIEVE THAT A PERSON HAS VIOLATED THIS ARTICLE OR A COMMISSION RULE, THE COMMISSION THROUGH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OR THE COUNTY ATTORNEY OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE VIOLATION IS ALLEGED TO HAVE OCCURRED MAY APPLY TO THE SUPERIOR COURT IN THAT COUNTY FOR AN INJUNCTION RESTRAINING THAT PERSON FROM ENGAGING IN THE VIOLATION.
- B. THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER, A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION OR A PERMANENT INJUNCTION WITHOUT REQUIRING THE COMMISSION TO POST A BOND.
- C. SERVICE OF PROCESS MAY BE ON THE DEFENDANT IN ANY COUNTY OF THIS STATE WHERE THE DEFENDANT IS FOUND.

Sec. 12. Repeal

Section 41-3000.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.

Sec. 13. Title 41, chapter 27, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 41-3010.01, to read:

41-3010.01. Commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing; termination July 1, 2010

- A. THE COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND THE HARD OF HEARING TERMINATES ON JULY 1, 2010.
 - B. TITLE 36, CHAPTER 17.1 IS REPEALED ON JANUARY 1, 2011.

Sec. 14. Retroactivity

Sections 12 and 13 of this act are effective retroactively to July 1, 2000.

Sec. 15. Purpose

Pursuant to section 41-2955, Arizona Revised Statutes, the purpose of the commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing is to act as a bureau of information to the deaf and the hard of hearing and state agencies that provide services to the deaf and the hard of hearing and to protect the public by regulating the practice of interpreting.

Sec. 16. Reporting requirement

The executive director of the commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing shall submit a report regarding the estimated number of licensees, estimated cost of licensure and potential qualifications for licensure to the governor, the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives on or before December 31 of each year through the year 2006. The report submitted in 2006 shall include recommendations to establish licensure fees and qualifications for qualified interpreters licensed by the commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing in the Arizona Revised Statutes for consideration in the forty-eighth legislature, first regular session.

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Sec. 17. Retention of members

All persons serving as members of the commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing on the effective date of this act may continue to serve until the expiration of their normal terms. The governor shall make all subsequent appointments as prescribed by section 36-1942, Arizona Revised Statutes.

Sec. 18. Effective date

Section 12-242, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act and title 36, chapter 17.1, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, are effective from and after September 30, 2007.

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